

United States Standards Strategy

A Public Forum

April 15, 2005 9:00 am – 12:00 pm

Hosted by United States Standards Strategy Committee and the National Institute of Standards and Technology of the U.S. Department of Commerce

Presented by

Representatives of the United States Standards Strategy Committee

A committee organized by the American National Standards Institute



Agenda

- Welcome and opening remarks
 - U.S. Department of Commerce
 - National Institute of Standards and Technology
 - > American National Standards Institute
- United States Standards Strategy
 - Overview: background, purpose and current revision status
 - Discussion of key initiatives and tactics
- Open Dialogue Questions and Answers
 - Panel discussion
- Wrap Up
- Adjournment



Welcome and Opening Remarks

Phillip J. Bond

Under Secretary of Commerce for Technology U.S. Department of Commerce





Opening Remarks

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Meeting Host and Acting Director National Institute of Standards and Technology U.S. Department of Commerce



National Institute of Standards and Technology

Technology Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce



Opening Remarks

Mark W. Hurwitz

President and Chief Executive Officer American National Standards Institute





Overview of the U.S. Standards Strategy

Background, Purpose and Current Revision Status

Mr. S. Joe Bhatia

Chair of the United States Standards Strategy Committee

Executive Vice-President – International, Underwriters Laboratories Inc

Background / History

- The ANSI Board initiated a coordination and development effort in 1998, in response to challenge from Ray Kammer, then Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology
- First ever National Standards Strategy for the United States was approved by the ANSI Board of Directors in August 2000



STANDARDS STRATEGY



ANSI

Purpose of the Strategy

- To strengthen the standards system of the United States and all who benefit from it
 - > Paints a broad picture of the standardization landscape
 - Sets down a statement of purpose, ideals and a vision for the future
- To establish an architecture or framework for achieving goals related to
 - the competitiveness of U.S. industry and vitality of the U.S. economy
 - achieving a balanced global trading system

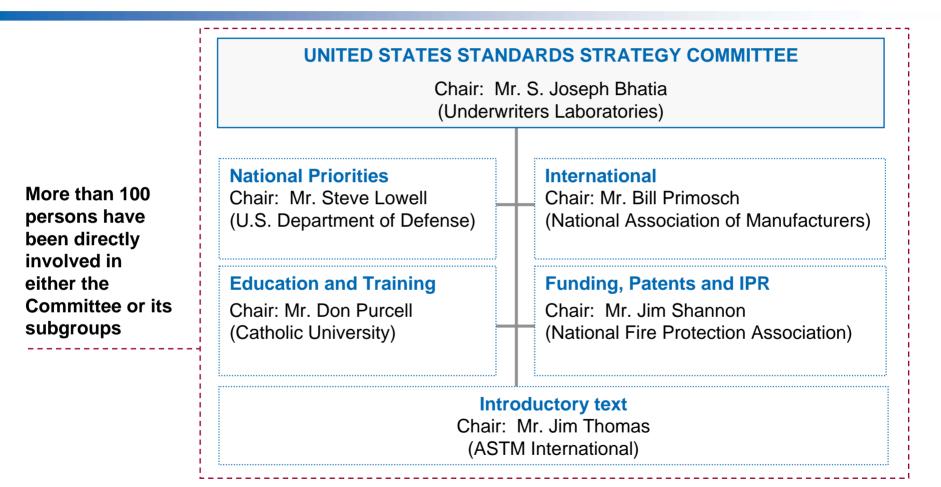


Current Revision Status

"The proof of a strategy is in its execution."

- > ANSI was responsible for tracking implementation efforts.
- Strategy called for a periodic review
 - In May 2004, the ANSI Board agreed to create a committee to undertake the review and revision of the existing Strategy
 - ANSI also serves as the coordinating body for the review and revision efforts.







- The Committee renamed the "NSS" as the "United States Standards Strategy"*
 - in recognition of globalization and the need for standards designed to meet stakeholder needs irrespective of national borders.
 - > to reflect a standardization environment that incorporates new types of standards development activities, more flexible approaches and new structures.

* Committee also renamed from "NSSC" to "USSSC"



Development Process

- Commitment that the NSS Committee and its subgroups have broad representation from the U.S. standardization community
- Conducted an open and transparent revision process, with an emphasis on inclusiveness



Public Review and Comment

- > Ongoing outreach efforts designed to solicit a wide range of input from the U.S. standardization community
 - Web postings, media advisories, etc.
 - Sector Caucuses
 - U.S. Department of Defense
 - Consortium Briefing and Working Session
 - National Association of Manufacturers
 - ANSI Member Forum Meetings
 - Public Forum in Washington, DC
 - Congressional testimony (to be confirmed)



- March 7, 2005
 Public Review and Comment period began
- April 15, 2005

Public Forum at the Department of Commerce Auditorium in Washington, DC

April 18, 2005
 Public Review and Comment period ends

April 26, 2005

Comments received will be reviewed and responded to by the U.S. Standards Strategy Committee

To be determined

Upon resolution of comments received, seek approval of the ANSI Board of Directors





- A Panel Discussion -

Key Initiatives of the Strategy

Introduction of Subgroup Chairmen



- A Panel Discussion -

Guiding Principles Strategic Vision Intended Audience

Mr. James A. Thomas

USSSC Subgroup Chair – Introductory Material

President ASTM International

Highlights from draft revision – Guiding Principles

- Standards should meet societal and market needs and should not be developed to act as barriers to trade
- Strategy endorses globally accepted principles of the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade Agreement
 - > Transparency
 - > Openness
 - > Impartiality
 - Effectiveness and relevance
 - Consensus
 - Performance-based

- > Coherence
- > Due process
- > Technical Assistance
- > Flexible
- > Timely
- Balanced



Highlights from draft revision – **Recognizes Varied Approaches to Standardization**

- The "Decentralized" Approach (United States)
 - > Bottom-up
 - Private-public partnership, led by private sector
 - > Dispersed
 - Sectoral approach

- The "Centralized" Approach (Europe and Others)
 - > Top-down
 - Government-run
 - Organized under a single, central authority
 - "One Size Fits All"



Highlights from draft revision – **Strategic Vision**

- Internationally,
 - Universal application of globally accepted principles
 - Government use of voluntary consensus standards
 - A diverse and inclusive system that supports flexibility
 - Sectoral approach to standards that meet global needs
 - Effective use of electronic tools to facilitate production and dissemination of global standards

- Nationally,
 - > Cooperative U.S. process
 - Cooperation to reduce redundancy and overlap
 - Public and private sector management recognition and support for standardization efforts
 - Responsive system to address national needs, threats and goals



Highlights from draft revision – Intended Audience

- Industry
- Government (federal, state and local)
- Standards developers
- Consortia
- Public interest organizations and consumers
- Subject matter experts
- ANSI





- A Panel Discussion -

National Priorities

Mr. Stephen Lowell

USSSC Subgroup 1 Chair – National Priorities

Deputy Director, Defense Standardization Program Office U.S. Department of Defense

Highlights from draft revision – **Strategies and Tactics**

Strategy 1

Strengthen participation by government in development and use of voluntary consensus standards through public/private partnerships

Strategy 2

Continue to address health, safety, and the environment in the development of voluntary consensus standards



Highlights from draft revision – **Strategies and Tactics** (continued)

Strategy 3

Improve the responsiveness of the standards system to the views and needs of consumers

Strategy 8

Continue to improve the process and tools for the efficient and timely development and distribution of voluntary consensus standards



Highlights from draft revision – **Strategies and Tactics** (continued)

- Strategy 9
 - Promote cooperation and coherence within the U.S. standards system

Strategy 12

 Address the need for standards in support of emerging national priorities





- A Panel Discussion -

International Priorities

Mr. William Primosch

USSSC Subgroup 2 Chair – International Priorities

Senior Director, International Business Policy International Economic Affairs Department National Association of Manufacturers Sanliu de qiye zuo chanpin; erliu de qiye zuo jishu; yiliu de qiye zuo biaozhun.

"Third-class companies make products; second-class companies develop technology; first-class companies set standards."

> A contemporary Chinese saying quoted in the publication, China's Post-WTO Technology Policy: Standards, Software and the Changing Nature of Techno-Nationalism

by Richard P. Suttmeier and Yao Ziangkui People's Republic of China's National Bureau of Asian Research





German Standards Strategy

Recognizes Germany as the export "world champion," and the leading exporter of technology.

States that ". . . whoever makes the standards controls the market."



Highlights from draft revision – **Strategies and Tactics** (continued)

Strategy 4

Actively promote the consistent worldwide application of internationally recognized principles in the development of standards

Strategy 5

Encourage common governmental approaches to the use of voluntary consensus standards as tools for meeting regulatory needs



Highlights from draft revision – **Strategies and Tactics** (continued)

Strategy 6

Work to prevent standards and their application from becoming technical trade barriers to U.S. products and services

Strategy 7

Strengthen international outreach programs to promote understanding of how voluntary, consensus-based, marketdriven sectoral standards processes can benefit businesses, consumers and society as a whole





- A Panel Discussion -

Education and Training

Don Purcell

USSSC Subgroup 3 Chair – Education and Training

Chairman The Center for Global Standards Analysis The Catholic University of America

Highlights from draft revision – **Strategies and Tactics**

- Strategy 10
 - Establish standards education as a high priority within the United States private, public and academic sectors





- A Panel Discussion -

Funding, Patents and IPR

James A. Thomas

on behalf of James Shannon USSSC Subgroup 4 Chair – Funding, Patents and IPR President, National Fire Protection Association

Highlights from draft revision – **Strategies and Tactics**

- Strategy 11
 - Maintain stable funding models for the U.S. standardization system





Coffee Break

The forum will resume with a Question and Answer session that will begin in 15 minutes



Open Dialogue

- A Panel Discussion -

Panelists

Dr. Mark W. Hurwitz, Facilitator

President and CEO, American National Standards Institute

Member of the United States Standards Strategy Committee

Highlights from draft revision – **Summary of the Twelve Strategic Initiatives**

- Participation of government
- Importance of health, safety and the environment
- Responsiveness to consumer interests
- Globally accepted principles for standards development
- Government use of standards to meet regulatory needs
- Preventing the use of standards as technical barriers to trade
- Outreach to promote consensusbased, market-driven processes

- Efficiency in development and distribution of standards
- Cooperation and coherence within the U.S. system
- Standards education as a high priority
- Stable funding models for the U.S. system
- Response to emerging national priorities and converging/ cross-cutting technologies





Closing Remarks

George W. Arnold

Chairman of the Board American National Standards Institute



Next Steps

- All interested parties will be requested to determine appropriate implementation actions that address the tactical initiatives
 - Communication
 - Cooperation
 - > Planning
 - Commitment
- Progress must be measured
 - > ANSI will serve as the mechanism to coordinate, integrate and report progress at regular intervals



United States **Standards Strategy**

www.ansi.org/nss

(link to the National Standards Strategy for the United States - first edition)

Reference Material

www.ansi.org/usss

(link to a fact sheet on the current revision process, the draft text and information about the U.S. Standards Strategy Committee)



Point of Contact Questions and Additional Information

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